32.—Municipal Assessed Valuations and Taxation, by Province, 1956—concluded

Item	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia
Taxation					
Tax levy\$'000 Tax Collections, Current and Arrears—	385,748	51,853	60,853	72,884	73,156
Total\$'000 Percentage of levy	380,230	50,183	60,530	72,383	72,778
	98.6	96,8	99.5	99.3	99.5
Taxes receivable, current and arrears \$'000 Property acquired for taxes \$'000	40,978	11,427	21,074	19,547	5,166
	3,097	2,597	6,460	9,083	5,397
Total taxes receivable and property acquired	44,075	14,024	27,534	28,630	10,563
	11.4	27.0	45.2	39.3	14.4

Includes: N.S.—household tax, Halifax; N.B.—occupancy tax, Fredericton and rentals tax, Moncton; Sask.—special franchise.
 Total of valuations assessed but exempt from taxation; excludes exempt property not assessed.
 Incomplete.
 Excludes permissive exemptions.
 Excludes rural municipalities.
 Excludes partial statutory and permissive exemptions.

Because of the considerable differences in the division of responsibility for services between the provincial governments and their respective municipalities, extreme caution should be exercised in using the figures in Table 32 as a basis for interprovincial comparisons of the relative burden of municipal taxation. Also, in Saskatchewan municipalities are required to levy certain taxes for and on behalf of the provincial government and for other special purposes for which there is no comparable situation in other provinces. The amounts of such taxes excluded in the Saskatchewan municipal levies in Table 32 are as follows:—

Tax	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956
Saskatchewan—		\$	\$	8	8
Public revenue	1,845,949 2,069,074 814,269 11,813	2,863,832 863,634 6,794	2,522,027 900,545 7,368	2,872,218 904,568 7,593	2,684,147 897,318 2,834
Totals	4,741,105	3,734,260	3,429,940	3,784,379	3,584,299

Subsection 2.—Municipal Revenue, Expenditure and Debt

Tables 33, 34 and 35 show comparative totals and details of gross ordinary revenue and expenditure of municipal governments, by province. Table 36 sets out the direct and indirect debt of local governments for the year 1956. The amounts shown include debt incurred by municipalities for general purposes, schools and utilities, as well as debenture debt incurred directly by utilities, school authorities and certain special areas organized to provide specific local services.

33.—Gross Ordinary Revenue and Expenditure of Municipal Governments, by Province, Fiscal Years Ended Nearest Dec. 31, 1956

Province	Province Gross Ordinary Revenue		Province	Gross Ordinary Revenue	Gross Ordinary Expenditure
	\$'000	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebee Ontario	2,248 32,507 27,417	2,200 32,411	Manitoba. Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia. Total s.	66,040 77,173 114,040 111,142 1,258,542	65,758 75,622 112,677 108,597 1,247,341